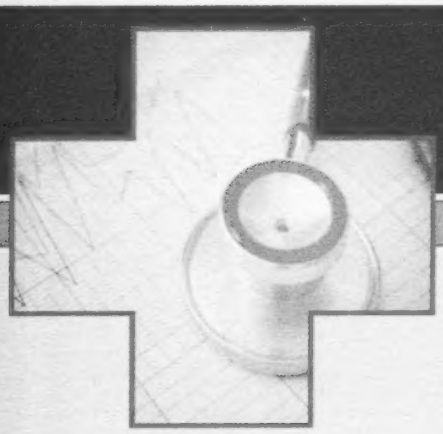
Health Canada Santé Canada

Your health and safety... our priority. *Votre santé et votre sécurité... notre priorité.*



Health Product InfoWatch

July 2018

CONTENTS

Monthly recap 2

New information

- *Product monograph update:* Imbruvica (ibrutinib) 4
- *Vaccine safety biannual summary:* Report for July 1, 2017 to December 31, 2017 5

REPORTING ADVERSE REACTIONS

Canada Vigilance Program
Online: Adverse Reaction and Medical Device Problem Reporting
Telephone: 1-866-234-2345
Fax or mail: Form available online

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To receive the Health Product InfoWatch and notifications of health product advisories electronically, subscribe to MedEffect™ e-Notice **or to** MedEffect™ Canada RSS feeds.

HEALTH PRODUCTS MENTIONED IN THIS ISSUE

Pharmaceuticals and Biologics

- Blincyto (blinatumomab)
- Clozapine
- Demulen 30
- Dolutegravir-containing medicines (Tivicay, Triumeq and Juluca)
- Imatinib mesylate (Gleevec and generics)
- Imbruvica (ibrutinib)
- Sunscreens

Medical Devices

- Fentanyl-detection test strips

Natural Health Products

- Jamp-Glucose 50 and Jamp-Glucose 75

Other

- Unauthorized health products

This monthly publication is intended primarily for healthcare professionals and includes information on pharmaceuticals, biologics, medical devices and natural health products. It provides a summary of key health product safety information published in the previous month by Health Canada, as well as a selection of new health product safety information meant to raise awareness. New information contained in this issue is not comprehensive but rather represents a selection of clinically relevant items warranting enhanced dissemination.

Canada

MONTHLY RECAP OF HEALTH PRODUCT SAFETY INFORMATION

The following is a list of** health product advisories, type I recalls **as well as** summaries of completed safety reviews **published in June 2018 by Health Canada.

Blincyto (blinatumomab)

Health Professional Risk Communication

Blincyto has recently been authorized with an additional option of preparing a 7-day infusion bag containing benzyl alcohol for patients weighing greater than or equal to 22 kg. It is not recommended for use in patients weighing less than 22 kg. Serious and fatal adverse reactions, including "gasping syndrome", can occur in pediatric patients, particularly in neonates and infants treated with Blincyto containing benzyl alcohol as a preservative. When preparing bags of Blincyto solution for infusion in neonates, infants and patients weighing less than 22 kg, healthcare professionals are advised to only utilize preservative-free saline. The Canadian product monograph has been updated to reflect this new safety information.

Clozapine

Summary Safety Review

This updated summary safety review, originally published in March 2018, evaluated the risk of agranulocytosis associated with clozapine. Health Canada's review concluded that the monitoring measures in place for agranulocytosis are acceptable, but that the risk should still be monitored. Health Canada reminded healthcare professionals to follow the recommendations regarding switching of a patient from one brand of clozapine to another as highlighted in the current Canadian product monograph and in a previously issued risk communication.

Demulen 30

Advisory

Pfizer Canada Inc. received complaints of broken or chipped pills involving Demulen 30. Health Canada reminded women to check their packages of oral contraceptives and to report problems when noticed.

Dolutegravir-containing medicines (Tivicay, Triumeq and Juluca)

Health Professional Risk Communication
Information Update

Serious cases of neural tube defects in infants born to women with exposure to dolutegravir at the time of conception were identified in an ongoing observational study in Botswana. In the same study, no infant born to a woman who started dolutegravir during pregnancy had neural tube defects. Healthcare professionals are advised to avoid prescribing dolutegravir in women of childbearing potential who are trying to become pregnant unless a suitable alternative treatment option is not available. The risks and benefits of dolutegravir treatment should be considered when prescribing it to women of childbearing potential.

Fentanyl-detection test strips

Information Update

Health Canada reminded Canadians of the potential limitations of fentanyl test strips when used to detect fentanyl or other deadly substances in street drugs before consuming them. No fentanyl test strips are specifically designed to check street drugs before consumption. A preliminary study of a fentanyl test strip product by the Department indicated that false negatives could occur. Health Canada has undertaken additional assessments of the same fentanyl test strip and found that while the product detected fentanyl every time, it was not reliable for detecting some fentanyl analogs, including carfentanil. Health Canada is working with companies to include warnings on the packages of these products, to better inform consumers about the risks of unreliable results when using the fentanyl test strips to check street drugs they plan to consume.

Imatinib mesylate (Gleevec and generics)

Summary Safety Review

This safety review evaluated the risk of tendinopathy associated with the use of imatinib mesylate (Gleevec and generics). Health Canada's review of the available information did not find a link. Health Canada encourages the reporting of any side effects related to the use of this health product.

Jamp-Glucose 50 and Jamp-Glucose 75

Health Professional Risk Communication

Six lots of Jamp-Glucose 50 and Jamp-Glucose 75 were recalled because they contained less glucose than was shown on their labels, which could lead to false negative results. Healthcare professionals are advised to immediately stop using the affected lots and return them to the wholesalers. As well, they should contact the patients who had negative oral glucose challenge or tolerance test results involving the affected lots, and consider repeat testing, or use an alternate diagnostic test for diabetes as appropriate.

Sunscreens

Information Update – Suncreens (testing results)

Information Update – Sunscreens (safety tips)

Health Canada received a higher than expected number of reports of skin reactions suspected of being associated with Banana Boat sunscreen products last summer. As a result of these reports, Health Canada tested a wide range of sunscreen brands and released a summary of the results. Health Canada's testing did not identify any serious concerns with the quality of these products. Although reactions observed are not the result of product quality issues, other factors that could have contributed to the reported reactions are under review. Health Canada is completing a comprehensive scientific and clinical safety review of sunscreens and their risk of causing skin reactions. A summary of the safety review will be released when available. Health Canada also reminded Canadians to protect themselves and their families from the sun and provided sunscreen safety tips.

Unauthorized health products

Advisory – Unauthorized health products

Health Canada advised Canadians about various unauthorized health products being sold at retail locations across Canada or online that may pose serious health risks.

NEW HEALTH PRODUCT SAFETY INFORMATION

The following topics have been selected to raise awareness and, in some cases, to stimulate reporting of similar adverse reactions.

PRODUCT MONOGRAPH UPDATE

The following safety labelling updates, which were recently made to the Canadian product monograph, have been selected for your awareness. A complete list of safety labelling updates is available on Health Canada's *Product Monograph Brand Safety Updates* **page.** ***Canadian product monographs can be accessed through Health Canada's*** *Drug Product Database*.

Imbruvica (ibrutinib)

The risk of **ventricular tachyarrhythmia** has been included in the *Warnings and Precautions* and *Post-Market Adverse Drug Reactions* sections of the Canadian product monograph for Imbruvica.

Key messages for healthcare professionals:[1]

- Events of ventricular tachyarrhythmia, including some with a fatal outcome, have been reported in patients treated with Imbruvica, particularly in patients with cardiac risk factors, hypertension, acute infections, and a previous history of cardiac arrhythmia.
- Healthcare professionals should periodically monitor for cardiac arrhythmia in all patients treated with Imbruvica. Patients who develop arrhythmic symptoms such as palpitations, light-headedness, syncope, chest discomfort or new onset of dyspnea, should be evaluated clinically and an electrocardiogram should be performed if indicated.
- Cardiac arrhythmias should be managed appropriately. If they persist, healthcare professionals should consider the benefits and risks of Imbruvica treatment and follow the dose modification guidelines indicated in the product monograph.

Reference

1. *Imbruvica (ibrutinib)* [product monograph]. Toronto (ON): Janssen Inc.; 2018.

VACCINE SAFETY BIANNUAL SUMMARY

Health Canada and the Public Health Agency of Canada (PHAC) share the responsibility of monitoring of the safety of vaccines in Canada.

Market authorization holders are required to report serious adverse events following immunization to the Canada Vigilance Program in Health Canada. The Canada Vigilance Program also receives voluntary reports from healthcare professionals and consumers

Provincial and territorial public health authorities report adverse events following immunization (AEFIs) from publicly-funded vaccine programs to the Canadian Adverse Events Following Immunization Surveillance System (CAEFISS) in PHAC to monitor the safety of immunization programs.

Report for July 1, 2017 to December 31, 2017

Key Messages:

- **No new safety signals (potential safety issues) were identified during this period.**
- **From July 1, 2017 to December 31, 2017, the Canada Vigilance Program received 270 reports* of adverse events following immunization for which vaccines were a suspected cause.**

This biannual vaccine safety summary includes adverse events following immunization reports received by the Canada Vigilance Program between July 1, 2017 and December 31, 2017. To access reports published by the Canadian Adverse Events Following Immunization Surveillance System (CAEFISS), please visit the CAEFISS Web site.

- From July 1, 2017 to December 31, 2017, the Canada Vigilance Program received 270 reports* of adverse events following immunization for which vaccines were a suspected cause.

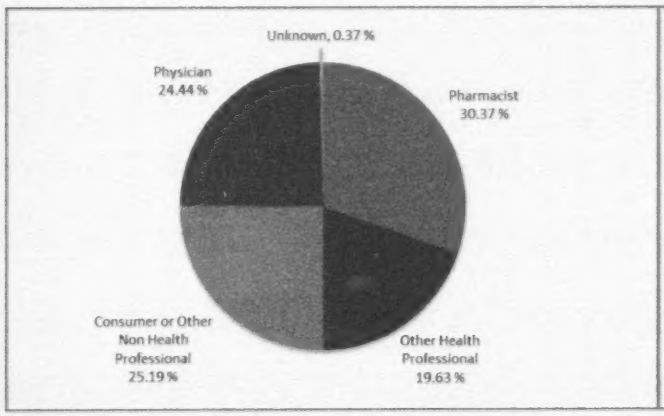
Unknown, 0.37 %
Physician 24.44 %
Pharmacist 30.37 %
Consumer or Other Non Health Professional 25.19 %
Other Health Professional 19.63 %

Figure 1: Total number of adverse events following immunization reports received, by type of originating reporter

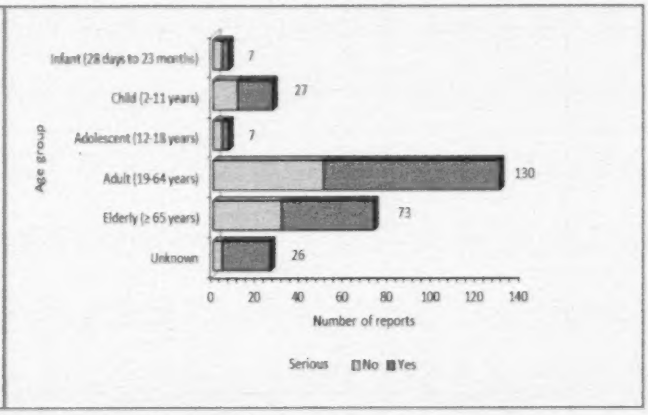

Figure 2: Total number of adverse events following immunization reports received, by age group

- There were 166 (61%) serious reports, all of which were individually assessed. Most of these involved patients with underlying medical conditions and were unlikely related to the vaccination.
- The highest number of reports (serious and non-serious) involved influenza vaccines (46%), followed by herpes zoster (19%) and pneumococcal vaccines (12%). The majority of reports for influenza vaccines occurred between October 1, 2017 and December 31, 2017, which is expected during the Influenza Immunization Awareness Campaign in Canada.
- There were 6 reports with an outcome of death. These reports involved patients between 19 and 70 years of age: 2 females, 3 males and 1 with unknown gender. One report was for Zostavax from a healthcare professional and 5 were for influenza vaccines from social media extracted by the company. The information provided was not sufficient to adequately assess the causal association with the vaccines.

Continued on page 6

- The most frequently reported adverse events (serious and non-serious) included pyrexia, malaise, injection site erythema, nausea, and pain. These are common adverse events following vaccination and are captured in the Canadian product monographs.
- No new safety signals (potential safety issues) were identified during this period.
- Health Canada, in collaboration with the Public Health Agency of Canada, will continue to closely monitor the safety of vaccines authorized in Canada and will take appropriate action if any new health risks are identified.

For additional information, contact the Marketed Health Products Directorate.

Note that because of updated information received by the Canada Vigilance Program, there may be differences in the number of reports and adverse events retrieved at different dates.

*Glossary of Fields in the Canada Vigilance Adverse Reaction Online Database

HELPFUL LINKS

- MedEffect™ Canada
- Recalls and Safety Alerts Database
- Summary Safety Reviews
- New Safety Reviews
- Canada Vigilance Adverse Reaction Online Database
- Drug Product Database
- Medical Devices Active Licence Listing
- Licensed Natural Health Products Database
- The Drug and Health Product Register
- Drug Shortages Canada

Suggestions?

Your comments are important to us. Let us know what you think by reaching us at HC.infowatch-infovigilance.SC@canada.ca

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Adverse reactions (ARs) to health products are considered to be suspicions, as a definite causal association often cannot be determined. Spontaneous reports of ARs cannot be used to estimate the incidence of ARs because ARs remain underreported and patient exposure is unknown.

Due to time constraints relating to the production of this publication, information published may not reflect the most current information.

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